

Small Business Lending Landscape

Pam Porter, Opportunity Finance Network



Agenda

- Review small business landscape
- Taking a customer's view of online lenders
- How CDFIs can differentiate
- Discuss how CDFIs and mission-driven lenders might respond to changing landscape





Our panel

Frank Altman CRF

Dave Glaser Montana CDC

Adrian Gonzalez Accion Texas

Brenda McDaniel Kentucky Highlands





Small business market opportunity

Size by Employees	Number of Firms	% of Total
0 employees	21.3 million	78%
1-4 employees	3.6 million	13%
5-9 employees	1.1 million	4%
10-19 employees	0.6 million	2%
TOTAL with less than 20 employees	26.6 million firms	98%
ALL Firms in the US	27.3 million	100%



And 23% report that they sought credit last year*

^{*} Reference Federal Reserve Bank of NY and Philadelphia study published Summer 2014



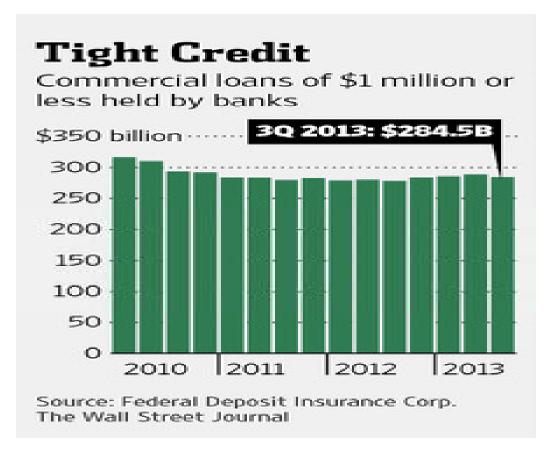
Who is lending to these small businesses?

- Traditional sources
- Non-traditional sources
- Emerging sources





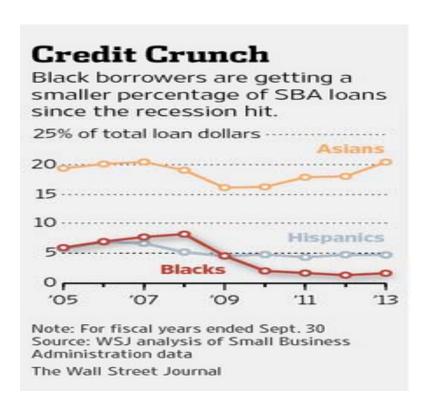
Flat growth of loans less than \$1 million







Minority borrowers experience much higher denial rates



SBA: Minority-owned firms more likely to be turned down by lenders:

- •Small firms 3x more likely
- •Large firms 2x more likely





Women entrepreneurs face challenges accessing capital

- U.S. Senate Committee on Small Business and Entrepreneurship:
 - 8.6 million women-owned small businesses create or maintain 23 million jobs – 16% of all U.S. jobs
 - Only 4% of all small business loans go to women
 - Less than 5% of federal contracts go to women



Business training and counseling for women not reauthorized or funded



Mission-driven lenders increasing lending much more rapidly than banks

- Small business lending by CDFIs:
 - 183 OFN members up 43% from 2012 -13
 - \$300 million to \$437 million
- Others:
 - SBA 504
 - -7(a)
 - _ [





Mission Driven Lenders more effective at serving Low Income communities

- CDFI Fund Impact Study: "CDFIs do indeed 'fill the gap' that is left by conventional lenders."
- SSBCI Study: "States working through missionoriented lenders have the greatest success in reaching underserved borrowers."





New lenders are changing the small business landscape

Bloomberg News:

Rising alternative-lender market in the U.S. was \$3 billion in 2013 alone

The Financial Times:

 Some investors view peer-to-peer lending as an asset class and expect it to do \$25 billion in annual business globally by 2019

The New York Times:

- OnDeck has done \$900 million in small business loans in last 5 years
- Lending Club and Prosper > \$4 billion in loans in last 2-3 years

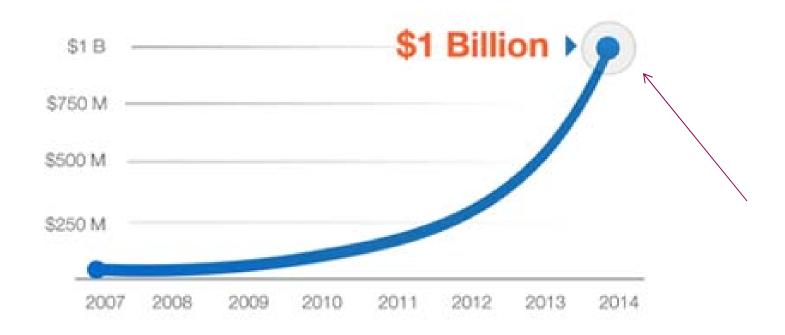
The Coleman Report:

 More than \$100 billion has been pushed through technology platforms since 2006 to finance small companies





Growth at **Just One** Alternative Lender (OnDeck)







Alternative Lenders Going Mainstream

- Forbes 100 'Most Promising Companies' in the U.S. in 2014:
 - Lending Club (\$98M in revenue; 379 employees)
 - OnDeck (\$65M in revenue; 240 employees)
 - Kabbage (\$17M in revenue; 80 employees)
- Square, Inc., the small-business mobile payment company that expects \$1 billion in revenue in 2014, launched Square Capital, to issue merchant cash advances
- U.K. regulators plan to require banks that deny credit to small businesses to refer those applicants automatically to alternative lenders

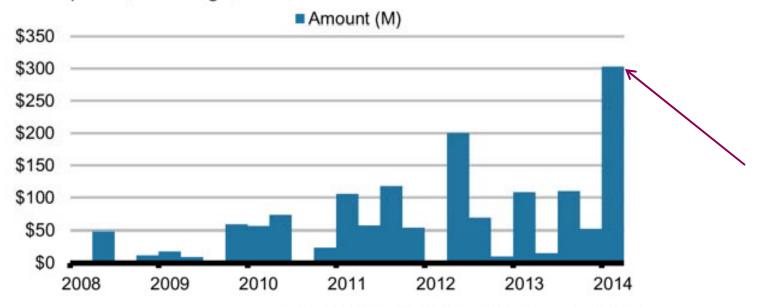




Venture Capital Moving Into the Space

Record Quarter for Lending Startups

Venture capital investment in lending startups hit a new high in the first quarter, reaching \$302.8 million.









What's Driving This Rapid Transformation of the Small-Business Lending Landscape?





Technology plays a role....

Online innovation promises borrowers unprecedented speed and ease of use:

- Applications typically take very little time to complete
- Process automated with algorithms that access applicant credit histories and social-media profiles
- Alternative lenders offer fast turnaround times
 - Loans disbursed within 48 hours or faster
- Search Engine Optimization and Ad Tracking





Do Alternative Lenders have a monopoly on Technology?

- CDFI Accion Texas, -- MMS and Nortridge Software
- SBA SBA One "one stop shop"
- Loan Service Providers, such as Prudent Lenders
- CRF: Process platform
- Opportunity Fund: merchant advance product

Yet, technology has not (yet?) driven explosive growth





Alternative Lenders have a common business model:

- Relatively high interest rates
 - APRs of 7-200%, unsecured, 1-5% orig. fees
- Low operating expenses
 - Limited underwriting driven by technology
 - No brick & mortar presence
- High margins offset high default rates
 - Default rates of 6 10% (vs. <1-3% SBA)
- Volume-driven returns
 (Example: Lending Club made \$7 million on revenue of \$98 million in 2013 on loan volume of \$2 billion)





Are These New Lenders Taking Market Share?

Probably some...although not clear

Most alternative lenders accept **near-prime FICO** scores or above (650+).

Some accept sub-prime FICO scores (<650).

Commentators assert that borrowers are underserved





What can Mission-Driven Lenders Learn From the Recent Rise of Alternative Lenders?





- Peer-to-peer lending companies:
 - Lending Club, Prosper, Indiegogo and Funding Circle
- Merchant cash advance companies:
 - RapidAdvance, AdvanceMe, Square Capital
- Online companies specializing in business lending:
 - OnDeck and VMC Capital
- Online lenders that lend only to online companies:
 - Kabbage and PayPal
- Online "matchmakers" that connect borrower with lenders:
 - Lendio, Boefly and Biz2 Credit
- Google Search "small business loan"





Our panelists: What take-aways did you have from this review?

- CRF
- Montana CDC
- Accion Texas
- Kentucky Highlands





Bigger picture

- How can/should CDFIs differentiate?
- What can we learn from the rise of alternative lenders?
- What are the implications of the rise of alternative lenders for the communities we serve?



